

## Global Facts and Figures on Forced Labour



## How does it occur?

Forced labour consists of two important elements: absence of free and informed consent (involuntariness) and presence of coercion (to prevent an individual from leaving a situation or to compel them to work). In most cases of forced labour, multiple forms are present.





State-Imposed forced labour 14% or 3.9 million of all those in forced labour are in stateimposed forced labour 26.9% 2.2 million 55.8%

## a variety of different forms

- Abuse of compulsory prison labour
- Abuse of conscription
- Forced labour for economic development, and abuse of the obligation to perform work beyond normal civic obligations or minor communal services

References

- <sup>1</sup> ILO Forced Labour Convention, 1930 (No.29), refers to "all work or service which is exacted from any person under the menace of any penalty and for which the said person has not offered himself voluntarily".
- <sup>3</sup> Includes forced commercial sexual exploitation and state-imposed forced labour.
- <sup>5</sup> Refers to lack of voluntariness in taking the job or accepting the working conditions.
- <sup>6</sup> Refers to the application of some form of coercion i.e., penalty or threat of a penalty to prevent an individual from leaving a situation or to otherwise compel work.

All figures taken from ILO, Walk Free, and IOM. 2022. Global estimates on modern slavery: Forced labour and forced marriage. Available here: <a href="https://www.ilo.org/wcmsp5/groups/public/@ed\_norm/@ipec/documents/publication/wcms">https://www.ilo.org/wcmsp5/groups/public/@ed\_norm/@ipec/documents/publication/wcms</a> 854733.pdf

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